

FAR EAST MOTORS

Use SHELL PETROL

Inflate Your Tyres and Top Up Radiator
at
26 Nathan Road, Kowloon,
For Specialized Repairs Call Kowloon
56849.

VOL. II NO. 157

For and on behalf of
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.

Printed and Published

Dine
At the

P. G.

For
Reservations Tel: 27880

U. S. "WAR OF NERVES" ON REPARATIONS

RACE TIPS

(By "The Turf")

San Wai Handicap (About 1/2 Mile 170 yards)
Autumn Rose
Jackie
Jacobus
Outsider—Nigger
St. Kilda Handicap "C" Class (1st Section)
(One Mile)
Rose Emme
Esmeralda
Happy Valley
Outsider—Fifth Alarm
Broken Hill Handicap "B" Class (1st Section)
(Six Furlongs)
Klim
Jeep King
Lily
Outsider—White Dragon.
Wallaby Stakes "D" Class (Six Furlongs)
Kelly
Eastern Diamond
Peggy
Outsider—Jinx.
Easter Handicap "A" Class (One and a Quarter Miles)
Norse Queen
Bashful Beauty
Air borne
Outsider—Sooknups.
Broken Hill Handicap "B" Class (2nd Section)
(Six Furlongs)
Shannon
Red Fox
Speedaway
Outsider—Wodonga.
St. Kilda Handicap "C" Class (2nd Section)
(One Mile)
Miami Beauty
Argus
Crown Witness
Outsider—Flying Arrow.
Koala Stakes "D" Class (One Mile)
Hostile Witness
Souvenir
Emperor's Gate
Outsider—Burke.

Wet Easter For Britain

London, Apr. 6. Most places in Britain have had their coldest and wettest Easter for many years so far and holiday crowds at seaside resorts have been spending most of their time indoors. Beaches were almost deserted at Southend-to-day and motorists staying inside their cars in parks as rain fell during the afternoon.

Crowds at Blackpool watched huge seas sweeping over the promenade and although there was bright sunshine at Southport, Scarborough and Whitby, cold wind kept most people from exposed places.

Southwesterly gales were expected to-night in all sea areas round Britain except the English Channel and heavy spring tides, whipped by southwesterly gale held up the work of sealing the breach in the River Trent at Gainsborough.

A "tornado" lasting for about one minute roared across the Solway Firth district to-night, smashing wooden buildings to pulp, taking roofs from buildings, uprooting lamp standards and lifting corrugated iron sheets up into telegraph poles.—Reuter.

EDITORIAL

The Homeless Children

NEVER has a British Government confronted the country with such a revolutionary domestic programme as the present Labour administration. Much of it has been mercilessly assailed, notably the nationalisation of industries and public utilities, and the future has still to show whether the Government's various socialist measures can benefit the nation. But the Labour Party has to its credit some less contentious legislation—acts which are so manifestly progressive and enlightened that even the Government's political opponents have applauded. One is the adoption of the Curls Report for safeguarding the future happiness of homeless children in Britain. It is Government's expressed intention to put these recommendations into effect without delay. The most important proposal contained in the report is that welfare children, deprived of normal home life, should be supervised by a single, separate department—the Home Office. The effect will be to bring all the 30,000 children living in Britain's foster homes and institutions under the care of the Home Secretary. It is, however, proposed to decentralise much of the operations of this scheme; thus

What Bevin's Policy Means

Perth, Scotland, Apr. 6. Sinclair Shaw, chairman of the Executive of the Scottish Labour Party, stated today that the policy of the British Foreign Secretary, Mr Ernest Bevin towards Germany would ultimately lead to another war. Mr Shaw said at a conference of the Scottish Universities Labour Party: "The frontier agreement to hand over the German provinces is absolutely disgraceful and is a flagrant violation of the Atlantic Charter. It is Nazism at its worst to stand idly by without protesting vigorously as the Poles drive millions of Germans out of the provinces east of the Oder. Germany will ultimately recover and become a great power and there will grow up demands to recover the lost provinces. Britain will then be in the position of having to fight Germany to prevent her receiving justice."—Reuter.

Amery's Scheme For Cyprus

London, Apr. 7. A scheme to make Cyprus "simultaneously a member of the two Commonwealths" was put forward in the Sunday Times on Sunday by the former British Colonial Secretary, Mr L. S. Amery.

"What I would suggest is that any Cypriot should, after a minimum period of residence in Greece, be entitled to all the rights and privileges of a Greek citizen without forfeiting his status as a British subject outside of Greece."

"Conversely any Greek citizen settling in Cyprus should, without loss of his citizenship, similarly become entitled to all the rights and privileges of a British subject in Cyprus."

"And possibly after a longer period of domicile, to those of a British subject outside of Cyprus as well," wrote Amery.

DUAL EFFECT

He added: "In that fashion it should be possible to meet both individual Cypriot ambitions and the wider sentiment, both in Cyprus and in Greece, for a recognition of an underlying community of culture and ideals."

"Instead of a course of conflict, Cyprus would become a recognised link of union between Britain and that small nation for which he has always felt a special affection."

Britain's recent reply that no change in the status of the island was contemplated, Amery wrote, was the only reply. To hand over Cyprus to Greece in her present condition would be a tragedy for the islanders he asserted.—Associated Press.

Instructions Given To MacArthur

STRATEGY WITH RUSSIA

Washington, Apr. 6. The United States in the past week opened a "war of nerves" on the question of reparations which, officials believe, will result in agreement by September.

They ordered Gen Douglas MacArthur to make an immediate advance reparations of 30 per cent of available total of Japanese industry to China, the Philippines, the Netherlands Indies, Burma, India and Malaya.

Meanwhile they advanced a long-range plan for settlement of Japanese reparations which envisages Russia getting 10 per cent of the total reparations, but splitting on the question of how much Russia had removed from Manchuria in 1945.

The American proposition would give the Russians the benefit of considering 50 per cent of their Manchurian removal of booty that would count an additional 50 per cent against the Russians' 10 per cent reparations claim.

The Americans are certain this strategy will operate to force the Russians into reparations settlement by September after which a general conference on a peace treaty for Japan can be recommended in October or November.

PATTERN SET

The United Nations approval of the United States proposition for trusteeship over the Marshalls, Marianas and Carolines was considered as having set a pattern for similar Allied acquiescence in the United States plan to hold similar jurisdiction over Japanese islands in the Ryukyu, Iwo Jima and other offshore areas not included in the mandated territory.

"Conversely any Greek citizen settling in Cyprus should, without loss of his citizenship, similarly become entitled to all the rights and privileges of a British subject in Cyprus."

However American officials believed the Russians would offer some opposition to this course. Nevertheless they would be presented with a "fait accompli" similar to that which was given on the mandated territories. The consensus was the Russians would acquiesce gracefully in this case as they did in the other when it became apparent the United States meant business.

Meanwhile President Truman's programme for aid to Greece moved closer to completion when the Senate Foreign Relations Committee gave it unanimous endorsement.

What the new policy, when extended to the Far East, might mean is not entirely clear. State Department officials contend the Far East situation must be assessed separately and analogies could not be drawn against Greece. Nevertheless, at the same time they revealed renewed interest in the possibility of securing a \$500,000,000 Export-Import Bank loan for China.

This indicated that ratifications of the policy were not lost on the Far East Division of the State Department.—United Press.

CLAIMS AGAINST JAPAN

Washington, Apr. 7. The State Department said to-day machinery has not yet been set up for considering any claims arising out of the war with Japan.

This includes claims against Japan for the loss of life sustained during the attack on Pearl Harbour, of which many were received.

Department officials said it is to be sent to all such claimants.

A claimant is asked if he still wants to push his claim after studying the document. Officials said the document is not a departmental ruling but is an intermediary explanation.

It sets forth: "I—The Congressional resolution concerning the existence of a state of war between Japan and the United States dated the conflict to the time of the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbour."

—In some instances, previously claims arising from damages suffered before the declarations of war were made, were not recognized.

The memorandum says: "Neither members of the military forces of the nations at war nor their dependents

SUICIDE IN CELL

Frankfurt, April 7. Adolph Hitler's Minister of Food and Agriculture, Herbert Backe, hanged himself in the Nuremberg Jail, Army headquarters announced to-day.

He was a defendant in the forthcoming trial of German Ministry officials.—Associated Press.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

MONDAY, APRIL 7, 1947.

Price 20 Cents

Threats To Disfigure Trade Union Leaders' Families

London, Apr. 6. The Reynolds News reported to-day that prominent Blackpool union leaders had received threatening letters signed with a swastika, warning them to "clear out of politics." Blackpool was a hotbed of Fascism before the war and Mr W. A. Giles, Secretary of the Trades Council there, told a Reynolds News reporter, Fred Cook, "Anybody who knows about Fascist methods would not be inclined to treat this matter lightly."

Mr Giles said recipients of the letters were warned that they and members of their families would be disfigured with acid unless they dropped politics.

According to the Reynolds News, at least one of the men threatened was a Labour leader who ran in the Municipal elections as a Communist.

When the local authorities complete their investigation, the matter may be turned over to the Home Secretary, the newspaper said.—United Press.

Black Market Thrives In Prisons

Munich, Apr. 6. Over-filled German prisons have the closest connections with the Black Market.

"From the business point of view, my imprisonment was pure gain," said a German recently liberated after serving a sentence of several weeks for black market dealings in southern Germany.

"Now I have all the connections that I formerly lacked."

This statement is no exaggeration of the situation. So crowded are the prison buildings that several prisoners are accommodated in each cell and as the authorities keep various kinds of delinquents together black market dealers have plenty of leisure to discuss future operations. Nor are their conversations limited to the occupants of their own particular cell. The wavers are few in number and so corruptible that the prisoners have no difficulty in communicating with the other cells.

DEALINGS IN CHAPEL

In Stadelheim Prison in Bavaria the black market takes place daily while the prisoners are in the exercise ground and even in the chapel during divine service.

During the sermon one Sunday two prisoners actually exchanged suits without the preacher noticing anything. As one of the suits was much better than the other the man who received the better suit had to make up the difference, which he proceeded to do before the sermon was over.

Forged food coupons are extensively sold, especially those for butter and cheese. It is officially stated that no fewer than 87 per cent of the food coupons sold in the neighbourhood of the larger railway stations in Germany are forgeries.

The authorities combatting the black market declare that most of the foodstuffs for sale come from quotas which the peasants are allowed to retain and from the rations of small "self-providing," that is to say people with allotments and such like holdings. There is evidence that a great deal of food is secreted by peasants and sold at black market prices.

Here is an example of the way in which small purchases are made nowadays in Germany. A woman wished to buy a pair of shoes. To obtain these she was required to give in exchange a set of underwear. Finding someone who had underwear for sale she was asked for a length of light dress material in payment. To obtain the material she went to a third party and bought it for cigarettes. Where she obtained the cigarettes is not known, but a good guess would be friends in the occupation forces.—Reuter.

SOLEMN ROYAL FUNERAL

Athens, Apr. 6. A salvo of artillery fired from Mount Lycabettus bade farewell to King George II of Greece as the long funeral procession left Athens Cathedral to-day for the 20-mile journey to the King's last resting place in the tomb on the tree-covered slopes above the village of Tatoi.

Church bells tolled and Chopin's march echoed back from the white-walled streets packed with hushed crowds who had waited since early morning.

A brilliant mass of regimental colours headed the procession. The coffin was covered with the Royal Standard and surmounted by a golden crown.

Behind the casket on foot came King Paul I, the King's brother who succeeded to the throne on Tuesday when King George died from a heart attack. He was held by the hand of his six-year-old son, Constantine, the new Crown Prince.

Representatives of heads of State followed—the Duke of Beaufort represented the British King and with him was Admiral Sir Algernon Willis, Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Fleet.

Mr James Dunn, United States Ambassador to Rome, represented President Truman.

NATIONS REPRESENTED

President Inönü of Turkey, the Prince-Regent of Belgium, the Queen of The Netherlands, the King of Denmark and the King of Sweden all sent representatives, and the Dodecanese Islands, recently handed over to Greece, were represented by their Governor, Admiral Daniels, who married Princess Marie of Greece, the King's aunt.

Sir Clifford Norton, British Ambassador to Greece, who has a wife, "represented" by Mr Patrick Reilly, Embassy Counsellor. The Soviet Union was represented by the Second Secretary of the Embassy.

Behind the Diplomatic Corps came Queen Frederika and the Royal Greek Princesses in cars.

Members of the Greek Government followed on foot with the heads of representative bodies.

STREET SCENES

High ranking officers and officials crowding the Cathedral square knelt while the coffin was borne from the Cathedral and placed on a gun carriage, which pulled the late King's Alde-de-Camp, carrying his decorations and the Field Marshal's baton. Men of the Greek Army, Navy and Air Force lined the route of the procession. Flags were at half-mast and street lamps were covered with crepe.

After walking for nearly five miles from the Cathedral the procession stopped. The King and his little son and the accompanying dignitaries and representatives then entered cars with the Queen and Princesses followed the gun carriage, which was now drawn by an armoured car, up the long road running northwards to Tatoi, where the Greek Royal Family have their own estates on the hillside. There the dead King's father and mother and his younger brother are buried.

King George had chosen his own burial place behind the Royal mausoleum and in the past few days Queen Frederika personally supervised the construction of the tomb, over which a new mausoleum will be erected.

The last funeral prayers were recited by the Archbishop over the grave.—Reuter.

Plays Shakespeare's "Juliet" In Nightie

Stratford-on-Avon, Apr. 6. The Shakespeare Memorial Theatre opened its 68th season last night with an 18-year-old Juliet playing the whole performance in a nightie.

The highbrow audience, and London critics did not mind because she was blonde, small and shapely—and could act.

Only a year out of dramatic school, Daphne Slater gave the packed theatre an exciting Juliet that had even some stone-hearted, callous London theatre reviewers raving to-day.

It was her second professional performance.

The producer of Romeo and Juliet was 21-year-old Peter Brook, who was bitten by the theatre bug at Oxford and turned out last year's most acclaimed performance at Stratford-on-Avon, with "Love's Labour's Lost."

The complex stage machinery, which used to creak, functioned smoothly and noiselessly last night. It had been completely overhauled for the first time since 1932.—United Press.

BRITISH FLOOD RELIEF FUND

Donations Received

Acknowledged to date \$20,395.00
The Kenneth Trading Co. 25.00
A. H. Rumjahn 25.00

Total \$20,445.00

Donations should be addressed to the General Manager, South China Morning Post, Morning Post Building, Hongkong. Cheques should be made out to "British Flood Relief Fund."

This Space Every Day

Women
BEAUTY ARTS

By LOIS LEEDS



Posed by Gay Forster and Max Factor, Jr., for Lois Leeds.

Lois Leeds gives you a story on Something New in makeup ideas!

SOMETHING NEW!

I had a chat just recently with Max Factor, Jr., and here's my report to you: "How about it, is there anything to this new television makeup which may affect the materials or techniques of general feminine makeup?" And here's what he said: "It's really too soon to tell with any certainty but there are definite possibilities that some influence of this sort may become evident. This new television makeup, for instance, is effectively applied thinner and more transparent than other types of makeup. This may serve the laudable purpose of eventually inspiring every woman to follow a like technique for her own makeup."

"In the present form, television makeup should inspire no actual use of this material for general makeup purposes, for it is much too light to be attractive according to present-day standards. So, while a few extremists and faddists here in Hollywood are already using this exceptionally light makeup for everyday use, this is altogether a novel effect, of which I don't approve, and I see no signs of its becoming popular. But this cannot be completely discounted. Back in the eighteenth century the women of the United States and Europe presented almost dead-white makeup effects and there was a brief revival of such makeup pallor as recently as 1921 and 1922. So it could happen, in which case almost every woman would be using

LONDON, PARIS—



Fashion flashes from two capitals. LONDON suggests an Empire effect (lower sketch), the transformation achieved by wide pastel satin ribbon knotted in front over the detailed bodice. A small light posy of spring flowers is pinned on the ribbon. PARIS lends us this season's favorite—the bolero, appearing here with three-quarter sleeves and entirely covered in gilt embroidery, sequins and beads, over the basic black dress.

Here is a Beauty Secret from the days when "Grandma, dear, was young!" It is a Beauty Bath. Dissolve one teaspoon of cornstarch in a bowl of cold water. Heat over a low flame until it becomes a thick paste. Pour this paste into a tub of hot water. Slide in and relax. You will come out with your skin Satin Smooth!

SIDE GLANCES

By Galbraith



COPY, 1947 BY HER SERVICE, INC. T. M. REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

"Your discipline would carry more weight, George, if you didn't make such silly faces when you try to scold the child!"

Peiping Residents Air Political Views On Walls With Slogans

BY ANTHONY ULLSTEIN

In Peiping, if you want to sound off on your political views you don't write a letter to your favorite newspaper—you plaster up a slogan on the nearest wall.

The newspapers are all government-backed or dominated and are cramped for space. But the walls, by courtesy of the Mings and the Manchus and still earlier builders of the former capital, will get your message across to everyone from the foreign diplomat in his ricksha to the farmer driving his donkey into town.

Slogans and resolutions pasted and chalked up in and around the main thoroughfares record the issues that in recent months have stirred this cultural centre of North China, much in the same way as rock layers of different periods tell a story to the geologist.

In and outside the famed Yenching University you will find a veritable inkblot war being waged by students of opposite political views.

Here, in fact, the slogans have developed a kind of little wall-newspapers. Subject of the current controversy is Russia's demand that the Chinese issue be discussed at the Moscow foreign ministers' conference—a proposal that touched off anti-Russian youth demonstrations reportedly organised by the Kuomintang.

Since then, however, another—and smaller—group claiming to represent the liberal wing of China's volatile student element came out with an opposite view. These students said they would welcome tripartite discussion of China's helping to solve the country's internal problems.

"Isolationism" Charged

Their favourite wall-to-day bears articles belabouring the "Anti-Foreign Intervention" students for their "isolationism." One homily, penned in trenchant Chinese, says: "You listen to no advice—you're just trying to hold on to the legs of your American daddy."

METERED-MAIL MACHINES FOR SHANGHAI

Introduction of metered-mail machines for business corporations to replace the orthodox stamps is being planned by the Shanghai Post Office.

The machines will be rented to users and can, besides stamping, make a date impression, seal the envelope, and incorporate brief advertisements.

Machine-stamping has replaced as much as one-fifth of the orthodox stamp mail in the U.S.

Metered-mail machines are now in wide use in other parts of the world including Canada, England, France, Switzerland, the Philippines, New Zealand, and Hongkong. The machine was invented in 1920.

The renting fee in the U.S. is about U.S.\$5 to U.S.\$10 and, though not decided, the Shanghai fee is expected to be comparable.

One of the special innovations of the machine is that it is equipped with a special meter which limits the number of stamps to the money paid for postage.

The machine is capable of handling 300 envelopes a minute.

By adaptation the machine may be used for stamping parcels by having the stamp imprint made on a slip of paper which is gummed to the parcel in one operation.

WORLD TELEPHONE STATISTICS

The world now has 51,500,000 telephones in use, according to a report by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company in New York, given in observance of the 100th anniversary of the instrument's inventor, Alexander Graham Bell.

Further statistics revealed included: Stockholm ranks next to San Francisco as the city having the most telephones per individual resident in the world, although New York City, with its 2,210,000 instruments, has more than any other city.

No one city in the United States contains as much as eight per cent of the total number of the nation's 27,037,000 telephones, connected by a network of 115,000,000 miles of wire, 90 percent of it underground.

However, Brussels, Copenhagen and Paris each contains about one-third of their country's telephones.

Britain, with 8,025,000 telephones, has more than three times as many as Soviet Russia's 1,272,000.

Also to be compared with Russia's total are 1,870,000 telephones in France, 1,692,200 in Canada, 1,165,100 in Sweden, and 1,239,000 in all South America.

Paraguay, South America, with 4,200, and the Gulanias, with 3,000 are shown to have fewer telephones than any other countries, says Associated Press.

Another correspondent winds up an irate lecture with: "I tell you, you Kuomintang secret service men are the real Chinese traitors!"

A neighbouring wall is quiet with a rebuttal: "You Yalta Communists. When are you giving back Daiven?"

Slightly more faded, and therefore earlier in date, are slogans in English like, "Molotov the National Robber!" and "Down with USSR!"

Semi-obliterated by the dustladen wind that swirls in from the high Gobi desert are anti-American slogans plastered around the city during the demonstrations that followed the rape charge against an American Marine in December, 1946.

A yellowed tattered slogan, like "Hitler the Beast,"—United Press.

MALACCA CHINESE LOSE MONEY

Interference by Dutch naval units on inter-island trading has resulted in the loss of nearly \$100,000 to Malacca Chinese traders, reports a Strait Times correspondent.

The Dutch authorities are reported to have thrown a naval ring around Tanjung Balai, in Asahan, and Belawan Dell, in Sumatra.

Mr Ng Kai-tiong, manager of the Buntal Company, whose boat was seized and which was released empty, declared that his motor vessel was carrying a cargo of textiles valued at \$30,000.

Dutch naval patrols stopped the boat and had it towed to Tanjung Balai and the crew were forced to discharge the cargo and pay a big import tax.

The Dutch authorities made it clear that no goods were to reach Indonesian hands.

Dutch marine guards are placed on seized vessels and any attempt to run the blockade is severely dealt with.

Mr Tee Chin-yong, Manager of the Tongtai Company, recounted a similar story of seizure and forced sale and a loss of another \$30,000.

A cargo of salt and coagulant used by the Tuck Guan and Company was also seized by the Dutch authorities.

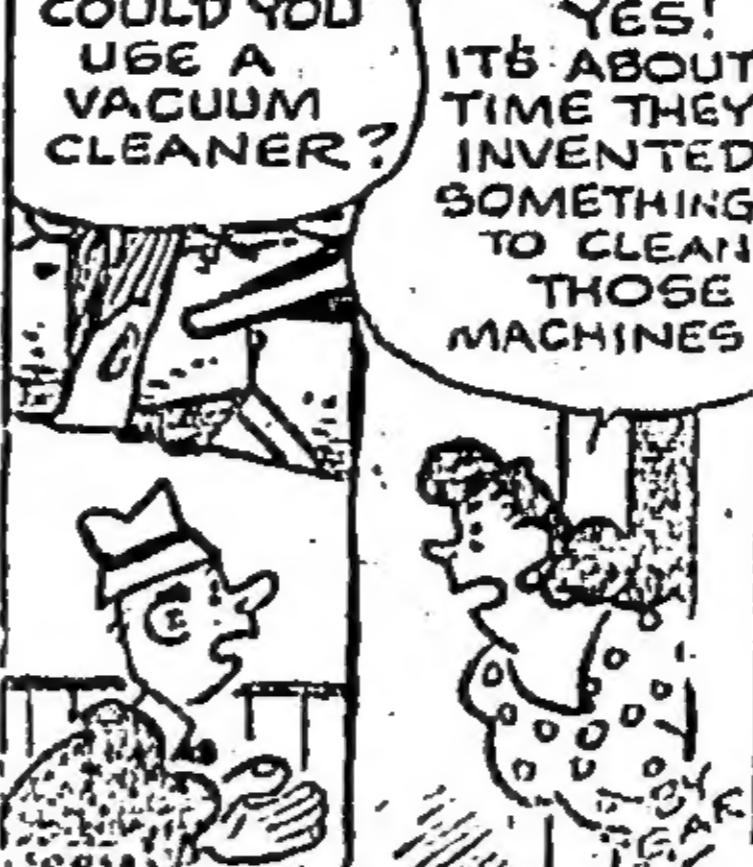
The loss incurred by this company is estimated at \$25,000.

One motor boat belonging to Hoo Suek & Company is still being detained at Belawan Dell and the crew have not returned.

Despite strict Dutch surveillance a number of local vessels have managed to run the blockade and have brought back nearly \$250,000 worth of Indonesian products.

DUMB-BELLS

REGISTERED PATENT OFFICE



MP's COMB MOUNTAINS FOR HUKS

Mount Arayat, abrupt, cone shaped 3,000-foot Philippine landmark which has guided many American fliers home to Clark Field, in Central Luzon, and served as a hide-out during and after the war for guerrillas and Hukbalahaps; is being subjected to co-ordinated operations by the Military Police Command in search of armed peasant insurgents.

The present operation is shaping up as an effort to cripple the Huk squads who have used the mountain as a supply base for operations throughout the troubled central plains.

Brig-General Mariano Castaneda's forces, consisting of 20 companies or 2,000 infantrymen, have encircled the hill and are slowly combing for arms, ammunition, food and whatever Huk they may flush.

Luis Taro, Hukbalahap leader, is believed to have departed from this area for more remote parts—rumour says the wilderness of Batan.

Foot soldiers who are deploying over the four sectors of the mountain side are supported by artillery and observation planes. Associated Press.

LOCATING HERRINGS BY SOUND

Reports have been made in Stockholm of successful experiments in tracing schools of herring by means of echo sounding, an experiment which took place off Sweden's east coast and in which two submarines participated.

On the first day of the test, a fishing boat caught almost 2,000 pounds of herring near the place where the echo-sounding apparatus indicated the presence of fish. Even schools of fish hiding in depressions in the sea bottom at a depth of up to 1,500 feet were traced, according to the report.

Announcement also has been made about experiments conducted off the west coast of Sweden, where a rame-sweeper, equipped with periscope and echo-sounding apparatus, made a similar successful search for herring. Observers said the spread of a school of fish can be determined by using the periscope. Associated Press.

Top Model Tells How To Make Men Behave

Blonde Selene Mahri, Manhattan's top model, advised the lesser girls in her trade on how to make men behave.

It's simple: charge them \$40 an hour.

"At that price, your time is too valuable," Selene said. "No matter who they are, or how rich, they'll keep their minds on their work."

The advice apparently is needed because several models recently complained in a public print about certain persons who wanted to take their photos with a \$5 camera in a \$500 apartment, complete with elctions.

"It's very seldom that you come across that type," Selene said, "but to me, they are easy enough to handle."

Selene (she's 22, and went to the U.S. from Finland seven years ago) and another model, called Lila, are the only two in Manhattan who demand and get \$40 for 60 minutes work. The average model starts at \$10 an hour, jumps to \$15, but rarely reaches \$25.

"I never particularly planned to hit \$40," Selene said, in a voice that closely resembles Gretel Garbo's. "I kept raising my price to keep from working—and people kept meeting it."

"I average \$40 a week. I could earn much more, but I turn many down. I am very outspoken and make many enemies. I work only for photographers I like. My personal blacklist is a mile long."

Refuses To Pose

Selene must have a respect for the photographer, and appreciation and understanding of his work, or she refuses to pose at any price.

She appears in all the swoon women's magazines. She's five feet, 10 inches, and weighs 120 pounds. Her hair is so blonde it is almost white. She wears it long with a near-page boy cut.

Rupert & the New Pal—22

in TECHNICOLOR!

COULD YOU USE A VACUUM CLEANER?

YES! IT'S ABOUT TIME THEY INVENTED SOMETHING TO CLEAN THOSE MACHINES

When they have got over their surprise at seeing a fair new pal, Rupert and Billie if it would like to take for a walk with them. That would be grand," says George, "but I can't walk like you. I like to go slowly and thole about each step as I go. That makes a walk so much more interesting."

"Good gracious, you must do an awful lot of thinking!" cries Rupert. "Come on, Billie. Let's try it. We can all go out again through the hole in the hedge."

ALG. RIGHTS RESERVED.

NOW SHOWING

KINGS

At 2.30, 5.10,

7.15 & 9.15 p.m.



ALSO LATEST METRO-NEWS

PLEASE BOOK YOUR SEATS IN ADVANCE
TELEPHONE BOOKING NOT ACCEPTED

CENTRAL & **ALHAMBRA**

DAILY AT 2nd 5th 7th & 9th P.M. DAILY AT 2nd 5th 7th & 9th P.M.

CENTRAL: Extra Performance at 12.30 P.M.



NIGHT IN PARADISE

in TECHNICOLOR

starring

MERLE OBERON TURHAN BEY

A UNIVERSAL PICTURE with

THOMAS GOMEZ GALE SONDERGAARD

RAY COLLINS ERNEST TRUEx

GEORGE DOLENZ JEROME COWAN

SHOWING
TO-DAY

MAJESTIC

At 2.30, 5.20,

7.20 & 9.20 p.m.



De Gaulle Pledges France Will Stand By Anti-Tyranny Forces

Strasbourg, Apr. 6. If ever new tyranny should menace all or part of the world, "we are assured in advance that France and the United States will be in agreement to oppose it," declared General Charles de Gaulle, former leader of the Free French movement, in a speech here to-day in the presence of the United States Ambassador to France, Mr A. Jefferson Caffery.

General de Gaulle was addressing a large crowd of thousands after the unveiling of a plaque in Strasbourg Cathedral to the memory of 6,000 American soldiers killed in the liberation of Alsace.

In his speech the General frankly abandoned the delicate balance which all French foreign policy makers have so far tried to maintain in French relations with Soviet Russia and the United States.

All the listeners interpreted the General's statement as an allusion to the Soviet Union. He is the first French leader since the end of the war to frankly put the question: "If you have to choose, are you with America and the West, or with Russia?"

After paying tribute to America's part in the war, the General emphasised that the similarity of ideals of the American and French people "has created between them a sort of moral link which is generally exceptional and which no vicissitudes have been able to break."

"It is a fact that every time justice has been wounded in the world, French and American consciences have been aroused at the same time, and our two democracies have always had the same powerful reaction when called upon to defend liberty in danger," he said.

Uneasy Road Ahead

"The world lies before it a horizon which is not clear and a road which is not easy," he continued.

"To solve the great problems which face the human race to-day and above all the problem of peace,

Denounces 'Annexation' Of Islands

London, Apr. 6. A Manchester Guardian editorial to-day bitterly denounced the "annexation of Pacific islands" by the United States under the "polite and convenient guise of strategic trusteeship."

The Guardian, which is one of the leading Liberal newspapers in Britain, commanded the British Government for protesting in the United Nations Security Council to the last against a "move which will inevitably debase still more the coin of international morality."

Pointing out that the United States had procured these former Japanese mandates because it said possession was necessary for national security, the editorial said: "This, is at least an argument which everyone can understand, even if it seems to contravene the Roosevelt pledge in the Atlantic Charter that his country sought no aggrandizement—territorial or otherwise."

The editorial added that the agreement prevented the United Nations or any nation from having any rights in the matter and concludes that this "is an agreement which has very little to do with trusteeship."—United Press.

AN OPPORTUNITY NOT TO BE MISSED UP TO 14TH APRIL

BEST QUALITY GOODS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

	Price Reduced each	Price each	Price Reduced each	Price each
Athletic 'Supporters (Speedwell)	5.00	4.00	6.00	5.00
Handballs	4.00	3.00		
Basket Ball Complete 'Match'	33.00	25.00		
Basket Ball Complete	28.00	19.00		
Billard Cloth (2 Yards) Best Quality	45.00	35.00		
Cricket Hats 'Willow'	40.00	32.00		
Cricket Hats 'Cannon'	35.00	30.00		
English	6.00	4.00		
Cricket Score Books	6.00	4.00		
Football Complete Full Size 'Match'	30.00	22.00		
Footballs Complete Full Size 'Practice'	24.00	19.00		
Football Boot Laces	3.00	2.50		
Football Boot Laces	11.00	8.00		
Tennis Net Adjusters	5.00	3.00		
Irish Darts	2.50	1.75		
Playing Cards	4.00	3.00		
Snakes & Ladders or Ludo (Dice)	2.50	1.75		

AND WHAT YOU HAVE BEEN WAITING FOR

Badminton Rackets (Stringed)	from \$10.—\$35.
Badminton Shuttlecocks, Best Quality	
Football	
Football Boots	
Football & Rugby Jerseys in Sets	
Football & Rugby Stockings in Sets	

ANNOUNCEMENT

Our Indian Tailor (15 years experience in Hongkong) is open for orders for Gentlemen's Suits, Shorts, Breeches, Jodphurs, etc.,

PERFECT FITTING GUARANTEED

G. S. BROTHERS (Est. 1931)

Sports Outfitters and Tailors.

FOR QUALITY & SERVICE.

Tel. 56913.

ROAD SAFETY CAMPAIGN



Hundreds of school children were given an opportunity to learn the rules of the road from the car drivers' point of view at a Road Safety Exhibition opened in London recently. One of the most popular exhibits is a miniature motor car fitted with a screen on which appears the various road signs and signals, operated by a police constable from the back of the car.

King To Open Southern Rhodesia Parliament

BY ROBERT FAHS
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

Salisbury, Apr. 6. The Royal Family will leave the Union of South Africa to-morrow for a nine-day visit to the self-governing colony of Southern Rhodesia.

King George VI, Queen Elizabeth and Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret spent a quiet Easter Sunday to-day, appearing in public only when they drove to church and returned to government house.

The Royal party is scheduled to make an early departure to-morrow morning, leaving government house at 8 a.m. The King's Flight is scheduled to take off from Zwartkops air station at 8.35 a.m. for Salisbury, the capital of Southern Rhodesia.

An official Southern Rhodesian publication emphasises that the only persons who can be accepted as officials are skilled workers. It says that unskilled or semi-skilled labour is performed by the Africans "and the white man cannot compete with him on his present standard of living."

The Southern Rhodesian parliament has only one chamber, with 30 members and an appointed speaker. The constitution provides for the establishment of an upper chamber in the future. The present cabinet includes the prime minister, who is also minister of native affairs, and five ministers. At the last general election, in April 1946, the following parties won seats in parliament: United Party 14, Liberal Party 11, Rhodesia Labour Party 3, and Southern Rhodesia Labour Party 2.

Country's Economy

The economy of the country is primarily based on agriculture and mining. The principal agricultural products are tobacco, maize, cotton and cattle. Mining products are gold, chrome, asbestos and coal. Most of the country's other industries supply various needs of the home market.

Although Southern Rhodesia is entirely within tropical latitudes most of the country is a plateau at an average height of 4,000 to 5,500 feet, which results in a temperate climate. The summer, October to April, is the rainy season. There is usually no rain during the winter months, May to September, but light frosts are common.

There is almost no big game remaining in the colony in the more isolated parts and special preserves. The extermination of game as a means of eradicating the tsetse fly, whose bite is fatal to cattle, has also contributed to the reduction of wild animal population. The need for protecting the game to prevent extinction was recognised in 1928 when 5,000 square miles of country along the Rhodesian border up to Victoria Falls were set aside as the Wankie Game Reserve. Another 2,500 acres were added in 1930. In 1943 it was estimated that the reserve contained 25,000 animals, including 25 species of big game. There were about 1,000 buffaloes, 1,000 elephant and 1,500 giraffes.—United Press.

The colony then proceeded along a steady and progressive growth under the administration of the British South Africa Company until 1923 when the people decided to govern themselves. The first prime minister was Sir Charles Coghlan. The present prime minister is Sir Godfrey Huggins, head of the United Party, who has held office since 1934.

The colony was peaceful until the end of 1933 when the Matabele led an uprising against the settlers. Another period of peaceful expansion followed until March 1890 when the famous Matabele rebellion started. The Mashonas also revolted in June and, although the Matabele surrendered in October the Mashonas continued fighting until October 1897.

The colony then proceeded along a steady and progressive growth under the administration of the British South Africa Company until 1923 when the people decided to govern themselves. The first prime minister was Sir Charles Coghlan. The present prime minister is Sir Godfrey Huggins, head of the United Party, who has held office since 1934.

Jerusalem, Apr. 5. Reminiscent of martial law nights which prevailed in Jerusalem during the first half of March this year at the height of the Jewish underground terror, the formerly bustling, newly-built area of the Holy City, outside the ancient walls, criss-crossed by miles of barbed wire and bisected into four security zones, presented a deserted appearance at an early hour last night. The predominantly Jewish inhabitants were all inside their homes celebrating the anniversary of the flight of the children of Israel from Egypt, the feast of the Passover.

From almost every brightly illuminated home came the sound of voices raised in songs of joy and praise, round tables set with Jewish delicacies and sparkling with polished silverware and bottles of sacramental wine reflecting the warm glow of the candles. Jewish

PILGRIMS CROWD ROME AT EASTER

Rome, Apr. 6. The Eternal City celebrated Easter to-day under a warm, brilliant sun, with majestic pontifical masses in the four great basilicas and solemn masses in 365 parochial churches, attended for the first time since the war by a large influx of French and Swiss tourists and pilgrims.

At St Peter's, where Cardinal Federico Tedeschini officiated at pontifical mass, assisted by the entire clergy of the basilica in a simple, strictly liturgical setting, foreign visitors were especially noticeable. They included members of the diplomatic corps, French and Swiss students on an Eastern pilgrimage and Britons and Americans.

At the end of the pontifical mass at St Peter's, the greatest of the sacred reliques of Christ's passion—the spear, a fragment of the Cross and Veronica's veil—were exhibited to some 20,000 faithful. These reliques are shown only during Holy Week and on Easter Sunday.

The massive basilica and the immense St Peter's Square were jammed. Popo's Special Audience

Pope Pius celebrated mass early this morning in his private chapel, after which he received in special audience the European delegation of UNRRA now meeting here. Tomorrow the Pontiff is scheduled to receive in special audience a large group of French and Swiss students on an Easter pilgrimage in Rome.

All Rome was festive to-day, and both sexes wore Easter finery as they went to their parochial churches, whose altars were lit with myrrh candles and banked with gorgeous spring flowers.

The Romans ate their customary hard-boiled eggs and salami and dunked pizza into glasses of vermouth (all of which had been blessed by priests who visited every home and store on Holy Saturday) as Rome's bells pealed as a sign of Christ's resurrection.

The Easter holiday will continue to-morrow, which is called "Little Easter" here, when Romans go picnicking in the suburbs, up the slopes of Monte Mario overlooking the Eternal City and along the Appian Way.—United Press.

OUTWARD MAILS

Unless otherwise stated, Registered Articles and Parcel Posts close 30 minutes earlier than the time stated below:

Tuesday, April 8
Canton (Air) 6.30 a.m.
Bangkok (Air) 10 a.m.
Salon (Sea) 10 a.m.
USA, Central and South America and Canada (via Panama Canal) (Sea) 10 a.m.
South America (Sea) Noon
Manila (Sea) Noon
Australia (via Sydney) (Sea) 3 p.m.
London (via Suez) (Sea) 4 p.m.
Canton (Train) 4 p.m.
Shanghai (Air) 3.30 p.m.

TO-DAY'S BROADCAST

ZBW on 845 kilocycles from 12.30 to 2 p.m. and 6.30 to 11 p.m. and also on 932 megacycles in the 31 metre band from 12.30 to 1.15, 6.30 to 7.30 and 9 to 11 p.m.

H.K.T.

30.30, Variety: 7, London Relay: World News, 7.10, London Relay: Home News from Britain, 8.15, David, P. and Cavalier Song, 7.20, Studio: I Like What I Like," Presented by Desmond Scott; 8, Instrumental Interlude: Meade, 8.15, Studio: I Like What I Like Song, 8.25, London Transcription Service: "Have You Read?...? Alice in Wonderland," Lewis Carroll, 8.30, Studio: "The History of Music" from 1600 to the Present Day," Presented by Kenneth Donnett; 9.40, Studio: Recital: Violin, 9.45, Studio: Concerto, with Piano, Accompaniment by Betty Brown, 10, "Something for Everybody"—Music for all Tastes; 11, Close Down.

Printed and published by Frederick Percy Franklin for and on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.

PASSOVER CELEBRATED WITHOUT INCIDENT IN JERUSALEM

Jerusalem, Apr. 5. Reminiscent of martial law nights which prevailed in Jerusalem during the first half of March this year at the height of the Jewish underground terror, the formerly bustling, newly-built area of the Holy City, outside the ancient walls, criss-crossed by miles of barbed wire and bisected into four security zones, presented a deserted appearance at an early hour last night. The predominantly Jewish inhabitants were all inside their homes celebrating the anniversary of the flight of the children of Israel from Egypt, the feast of the Passover.

The wall's huge, ancient blocks of stone, worn smooth by the touches and tears of devout Jews who come here to pray and reflect upon Israel's ancient glories, rises abruptly on the western side of the Haram Es-Sherif, King Solomon's Temple area.

The wall's huge, ancient blocks of stone, worn smooth by the touches and tears of devout Jews who come here to pray and reflect upon Israel's ancient glories, rises abruptly on the western side of the Haram Es-Sherif, King Solomon's Temple area.

Because of its intimate associations with the Last Supper and the sacrifice of Calvary, the Feast of the Passover has great significance for

all Christian communities. While Jewish worshippers were thronged before the Wailing Wall, hundreds of Christian pilgrims were wearily climbing the Via Dolorosa nearby, along which Jesus carried his cross.

The Samaritan Passover

Since the destruction of the Second Temple of the Jews by the Romans under Titus in 70 A.D., no sacrifices have been made by the Jews, but three times each year, of which Passover is one, they come to Jerusalem to pray and weep at the Wailing Wall, which tradition designates as the only part of the ancient Temple which has been left intact.

The heights of Mount Gerizim overlooking Nablus (the Biblical Schem) will be illuminated this day in the next Jewish calendar month of Iyar by the sacrificial fire for the paschal lamb as the small Samaritan community, numbering little over 50 souls, will celebrate their Passover. Although not strictly Jews, these people, who are distinguished from their Arab neighbours only by their side curls, have kept alive the ancient Jewish custom of sacrificing "the firstlings of the flock and the fatlings thereof."

United Press.

Ball Pen King Seeks Air Mark

New York, Apr. 6. The start of the attempt by Milton Reynolds, Chicago ball pen manufacturer, to beat the record round-the-world flight was delayed for the second consecutive time today by an overcast of the engines.

The record for the flight is 81 hours 24 minutes, achieved by Howard Hughes, the film producer, in 1938.

An official of Newark Airport, New Jersey, said today the flight would probably not begin for about two days.

Reynolds hopes to make the flight in 65 hours on a course of 13,000 kilometers by way of Cairo and Karachi.—Reuter.

"Worst Actor" Of 1946

Hollywood, Apr. 6. Orson Welles, movie star, to-day praised the Harvard Lampoon in answer to the collegiate publication's nomination of him as the "worst actor" of 1946.

Welles, actor, writer and producer, said: "I think the Lampoon is an institution is much more valuable in point of public service than the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences."

Welles and Alexis Smith were awarded mythical "Oscars" by the Harvard-University humour magazine of 1946.

The editors remarked this was promotion from Miss Smith's last year's status as the "most constantly bovine" actress.—United